by the Academic Council and the Executive Council of the University concerned. Sanction of the University Grants Commission is obtained for meeting additional expenditure on creation of teaching posts, non-teaching posts, etc. for the new Schools/Departments.

(d) Yes, Sir. The first admissions to the School were made in the academic session 1988-1989.

(e) According to the information furnished by the University of Hyderabad, the School of Performing Arts was established in accordance with the procedure prescribed in its Statutes/Ordinances, with the approval of the Academic Council and the Executive Council of the University. UGC's approval was obtained for creation of teaching posts in the School.

(f) Does not arise.

Satish Chandra Committee fordiscontinuance of English paperin UPSC examinations

2135. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government had appointed Satish Chandra Committee, to go into the question of abolition of compulsory paper in English and to make Indian languages as medium of expression in the various examinations conducted by Union Public Service Commission for recruitment of its employees;

(b) if so, whether initially this Committee was to submit its report by 20th October, 1989 but gradually its term was extended upto the 15th May, 1990 which is causing great discontentment in the public; and

(c) if so, what steps Govern-. ment propose to take to ensure that the report of the Committee is submitted without any further delay ?

THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE MINISTER OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRI VISHWANATH PRATAP SINGH): (a) The Expert Committee under the chairmanship of Prof. Satish Chandra was requested by the Union Public Service Commission to go into the question of introduction of multilingual system for the Commission's examinations as well as discontinuance of compulsory paper in English in certain examinations held by the Commission.

(b) and (c) The Committee has already submitted its Report to the Commission.

Help to enterprising scientists not having formal degrees

2136. SHRI THOMAS KUTHIRAVATTOM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have any proposal under their consideration to help enterprising scientists who don't have formal degrees;

(b) whether it is a fact that original talents who have invented several systems are turned away by Government agencies for want of academic qualifications;

(c) whether Government are aware about an inventor, Mr. T. J. David of Delhi, who is being harassed by bureaucrats despite the fact that he has several inventions and patents to his credit, as reported by 'Sunday Mail' of 6th May, 1990; and

(d) whether university degree is necessary to be recognised as a scientist ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (PROF. M. G. K. MENON): (a) (b) and (d) Government recognises the need to awaken our science and technology to the exciting challenges of our times, provide incentives to inventors and direct their efforts to the areas of special importance. Government encourages inventions in many forms. To promote the spirit of invention amongst scientists, work ers, students and inventors, the National Research Development Corporation in the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (Ministry of Science and Technology) has a scheme of awarding prizes for the development of novel processes/products/inventions. NRDC also provides technical, legal and financial assistance to individual inventors. It is not essential for an inventor to have formal academic qualifications such as University Degree to obtain financial assistance or an award for the invention. While any one pursuing scientific goals or engaged in scientific activities may be considered as a "Scientist", recognised scientists do possess high academic qualifications. These are invariably required for positions, particularly of an academic nature, where the functions and duties call for these. It is entirely based on an assessment of the quality and value of the invention.

(c) The NRDC had on a few occasions provided financial assistance to Shri T. J. David for making mprovements in his inventions as well as for filing a patent.

Report of Mishra Pay Committee

2137. SHRI N. E. BALARAM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the High-Powered Mishra Pay Committee appointed to examine and deal with the scales of pay, fringe benefits and conditions of service of employees of 68 public sector undertakings on Central Grirertmeixt pay pittern since implementation of the third Central Pay Commission, have also dealt with the matters pertaining to recruitment, promotion and transfer policies being followed in these undertakings discriminately/ad-hocr* basis, as dealt by the Fourth Pay Commission, for Central Government employees;

(b) if so, what are the broad recommendations of the High-Powered Pay Committee relating to their-service conditions, recruitment, promotion and transfer of the above-said employees and also the reaction of the concerned trade unions/associations, represented before the said Pay Commission; and

(c) if the trade Unions/associations were not represented, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE I IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI BHAGEY GOBARDHAN): (a) to (c) The High Power Pay Committee has not dealt with matters pertaining to recruitment, promotion and transfer policies of the employees of the Central Public Sector Undertakings, since the terms ot the reference did not cover these aspects.

Machinery for Employees of PublicSector undertakings on the patternof JCM of Central Government

2138. SHRI N. E. BALARAM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether thare exist any cell/ Body of persons/Machinery for employees of 68 Public Sector Under* takings, on the pattern of Joint Consultative Machinery (JCM) of Central Government employees, for taking their grievances/pay scale anomaly cases of these Public Sector employees consequent upon the